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Objective.	
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- Describe the components of the Medical-Forensic Exam
- List the number of swabs required to collect, per MN BCA guidelines, for each body site
- Explain the labeling and packaging requirements for each evidence kit
- Describe the process for and details of collecting clothing as evidence

What is a Medical Forensic Exam?

- Exam done up to **120 hours**** after a sexual assault
- Provide health care for both physical and emotional trauma
- Evidence collection which may be used by criminal justice system to investigate and prosecute offenders



Why Perform a Medical Forensic Exam?

- Peace of mind for the victim that they "are okay"
- Provides information about the sexual assault
- Corroborate "account of incident"
- Diagnose and treat injuries
- Assess risk for Sexually Transmitted Infections and Pregnancy

Components of a Sexual Assault Exam

- Consent
- Account of the Sexual Assault
- Medical history
- Physical exam
- Injury care
- Evidence collection
- Sexually Transmitted Infections prophylaxis
- Pregnancy prevention
- Crisis intervention
- Discharge instructions

Patient-Centered Approach

- Consider the patient first
- Listen
- Promote patient autonomy
- Ensure patient safety
- Hold self and others accountable



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How to be patient-centered	d during	a Medical	Forensic	Exam
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- Give sexual assault patients priority as emergency cases
- Provide the necessary means to ensure patient privacy
- Adapt the exam process as needed to address the unique needs and circumstances of each patient
- Recognize the importance of victim services within the exam process
- Assess and respect patients' priorities
- Address patients' safety during the exam

IAFN Position Statement, "Collaboration With Victim Advocates," (2008)

Your Best Reaction

- **Support**: Provide patients with all of their options and *support* the patient to make their own choices.
- Absence of pressure: Try not to pressure patients regarding their decision to involve (or not involve) law enforcement.
- Concern: Demonstrate genuine concern for patients' physical and mental health.



Helpful Phrases

- "I'm sorry this happened to you. This shouldn't have happened to you."
- "Thank you for trusting me with this information."
- "I'm happy you decided to come in and learn about your options today."
- "What are you most worried about at this moment?"
- "I can't promise what will happen in your case, but I can promise to do my very best for you."

Consent

- Informed consent is obtained throughout exam
- There are two essential but separate consents
- •Medical evaluation and treatment
- Forensic exam and evidence collection
- The medical forensic exam should NEVER be done against the patient's will
- Consent can be rescinded at any time



Medical History

- Ongoing medical concerns
- Current medications
- Pregnancy status
- Menstrual cycle information
- Genital surgery



Account of Incident

- Guides the exam and evidence collection
- When given to a medical provider it is an "excited utterance" and is exempt from hearsay rule in court
- Assists in discharge planning, safety planning and assessing suicide risk

Medico-Legal History Taking	
Evidence Collection	

Purpose of Evidence Collection

- To confirm recent sexual contact
- DNA can be collected from Mouth, Fingernails, Skin, Genital/Vagina, Anus
- DNA collected can be Hair, Skin cells, Perspiration, Saliva, Blood, Semen
- To corroborate the victim's "Account of the assault"
- To help identify the suspect(s)



Evidence Collection - Overview

- After the BCA kit is open
- You need to keep it in your line of sight to maintain the chain of custody
- Evidence is not tested unless reported to Law Enforcement
- Expiration date on kit for purple top tube





Swab Collection

- Swab collection is based on patient's account
- No anal assault = no anal swabs
- Reason swabs were collected need to be thoroughly documented in chart
- Best evidence is body fluids



Swab Collection

- All swabs are collected with a light touch, in a circular motion
- Purpose is to obtain DNA from suspect, not the victim
- All swabs are collected together, at the same time
- Use sterile water or saline to moisten swabs
- Use a **moist** swab to collect **dry** secretions
- Use a dry swab to collect moist secretions



Site # of Swabs Timeframe Oral 4 (dry) 24 hours Rectal 4 (lightly moistened) 48 hours Penile 2 (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Scrotal 2 (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Skin 2 per site (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Fingernalls 1 per hand (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perinaal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perinael 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours Vaginal 4 (dry) 120+ hours	В	CA Collection Guid	elines
Rectal 4 (lightly moistened) 48 hours Penile 2 (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Scrotal 2 (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Skin 2 per site (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Fingernails 1 per hand (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perianal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perineal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours	Site	# of Swabs	
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Scrotal 2 (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Skin 2 per site (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours Fingernails 1 per hand (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perianal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours Perineal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours	Rectal	4 (lightly moistened)	48 hours
Skin 2 per site (lightly moistened) 48-72 hours	Penile	2 (lightly moistened)	48-72 hours
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Perineal 4 (lightly moistened) 120 hours	Fingernails		120 hours
	Perianal	4 (lightly moistened)	120 hours
Vaginal 4 (dry) 120+ hours	Perineal	4 (lightly moistened)	120 hours
	Vaginal	4 (dry)	120+ hours
Cervical Os 2 (dry) 120+ hours	Cervical Os	2 (dry)	120+ hours

Contamination of Evidence

- Make every attempt not to talk, cough, or sneeze while collecting samples (or wear a mask)
- Avoid cross-contamination
- Wear gloves when handling evidence
- Change gloves between each sample
- Ensure working area is cleaned
- If swab drops after collection, document – Do Not Use!



Drying Samples

- Allow to air dry
- Different options
- Swab dryer
- Swab drying rack
- Individual swab box
- Tented envelope
- Labeled upside down Styrofoam cups





Drying Samples



Drying Samples

- Dry in a low traffic area
- Don't use a fan
- Can blow dust, skin cells etc. around and attach to sample
- Drying swabs prevents
- Contamination (leak through) from sample to sample within SA kit
- Loss of sample wet samples stick to the envelope when they dry

Toxicology

- Collect on all patients
- Collect Blood up to 120 hours* post assault
- Collect Urine up to 120 hours post assault
- Use specimen container in urine toxicology kit
- Use grey top tubes in blood toxicology kit
- Needs to be refrigerated following collection
- Specimens not tested without report to Law Enforcement

Urine Toxicology Kit





- Collect ASAP first urination preferred
- Instruct patient not to wipe after (if exam not completed yet)

Completing Urine Kit Paperwork

Document -

- Drugs given in the ED
- Patient's pertinent medications
- Drug and alcohol consumed
- Concern for DFSA

Collection time of urine sample is the **Exact** time it was obtained



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Blood Toxicology Kit





- Collect ASAP preferably before exam
- Collect 10 ml in 2 gray-top tubes

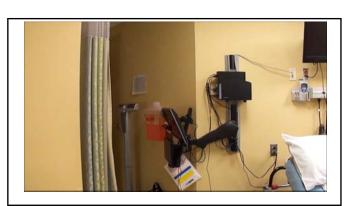
Completing Blood Kit Paperwork

Document -

- Drugs given in the ED
- Patient's pertinent medications
- Drug and alcohol consumed
- Concern for DFSA

Collection time of blood sample is the **Exact** time it was obtained





All amounts 11 did Common	
Alternate Light Source	

Head-to-Toe Physical Exam

- Have patient undress
- Place clothing on clean surface or in paper bag
- Inspect patient's body with Alternate Light Source (ALS)
- Around mouth
- Neck
- Breasts
 Abdoms
- AbdomenMons Pubis
- Genitalia & buttocks





Head to Toe Exam	

Head to Toe assessment

- Inspect patient's body head-to-toe for injuries
- Documentation is key!
- Description
- Body Diagram
- Photo-documentation
- Use the pain scale for all areas of pain/tenderness
- If patient able to recall mechanism of injury, document it in quotes
- Have patient fully undress to completely assess for injuries







Evidence Collection - Skin

- Collect 2 moistened swabs from each site
- Neck both sides on the same 2 swabs
- Breasts both sides on the same 2 swabsCollect even if showered 1-2 times
- Bite marks Collect 2 moistened swabs





Evidence Collection - Fingernails

- Collect 1 moistened swab from all of the fingernails on each hand
- Package each hand swab separately





Evidence Collection – Oral

- Collect 4 dry swabs up to 24 hours after oral assault
- Swab upper and lower gum line
- Behind lower teeth and under tongue
- Swab around piercings







Forensic Photography



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Gennal	Exam and	I EVICENC	e Collection

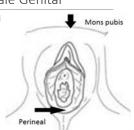
Pubic Hair Combing

- Lightly comb the pubic hair over the white piece of paper
- Fold the comb and any loose hairs into the paper
- Place in the envelope, label and seal it
- Do not pluck hairs from pubic area as a control sample
- Showered = **NO** collection
- Hairs are extremely transient
- Hair is not a good source of DNA

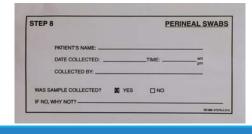


Evidence Collection – Female Genital

- Mons pubis (shaved) even if showered
- Collect 2 lightly moistened swabs
- Perineum (Perineal)
- 4 swabs collected at the same time
- Lightly moistened
- Collect up to 120 hours
- Even if showered 1-2 times
- Even if menstruating



Evidence Collection – Female Genital



Internal Genital Exam

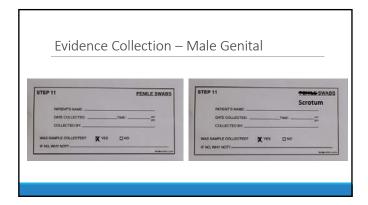
- Don't use Lube (document on the BCA form if you do)
- Collect 4 dry swabs from vaginal vault up to 120 hours
- Collect 2 dry swabs from cervical os up to 120 hours
- Collect even if menstruating
- You can collect vaginal swabs if patient declines speculum exam
- Insert swabs 4-5 cm and gently rotate





Vaginal Evidence Collection STEP 6 VAGINAL SWABS PRIEDT'S NAME DATE COLLECTED FY VARIENCE COLLECTED TAME: WAS SAMPLE COLLECTED TO ME YES DATE P NO, NOT NOT? WAS SAMPLE COLLECTED TO ME YES DATE WAS SAMPLE COLLECTED TO ME YES

Evidence Collection — Male Genital Pubic hair combing if patient has not showered Penis Collect 2 lightly moistened swabs 48-72 hours after assault Scrotum Collect 2 lightly moistened swabs 48-72 hours after assault



Evidence Collection – Anal

- Anal = exterior
- Label envelope Anal
- Collect 4 moistened swabs
- Collect all 4 at the same time
- Collect up to 120 hours
- Even if showered 1-2 times



Evidence Collection – Rectal

- Rectal = inside
- Collect 4 moistened swabs
- Collect up to 48 hours
- Collect 2 swabs at a time
- Insert 2-3 cm into anal canal
- Gently rotate





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Trace Evidence and Clothing Collection	
Patient's DNA Sample	
Blood needs to be collected for the patient's DNA sample	
Blood is preferred over buccal	
Blood should be placed on inner filter paper	
Do not put the tube of blood in the kit	
 If blood draw is not possible - a finger prick and collection of 5-7 spots of blood is sufficient 	
• If blood can not be collected at the time of exam, investigator can collect	
buccal at a later time	
Victim's DNA Blood Sample	
Victim's DNA Blood Sample	
Do not place purple top	
tube back in box!	
3.	
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Packaging of Trace Evidence

Place hairs or fibers in paper, fold, seal with a patient label and place in the envelope







Trace Evidence

- Biologic samples to collect
- Tampons
- Nuvaring
- Condoms
- Hairs
- Other foreign bodies in body cavities









Packaging & Labeling of Trace Evidence

Poke holes in top of specimen container with scalpel, or sterile scissors.



Label specimen container with patient label, exam time, & initials



Packaging of Trace Evidence

- Document trace evidence in the chart and photograph
- Place container in a brown bag and label bag with the following:
 - Patient label
- Handwritten patient name, DOB, MRN
 Contents of bag

- Jurisdiction
 Case Number (if reported)
 Date of exam

- Seal the bag with evidence tape initials and date across the seal

Clothing

- Only collect clothing worn after the assault
- Collect underwear
- Clothing at home paper bags
- Even if it has been washed Collect!
- Do not force patient to provide clothing
- Document as "patient declined"
- Document demeanor or statements made
- If not able to collect- swab the area



Packaging Clothing

- Handle/manipulate clothing as little as possible
- Important to ensure clothing is dried prior to packaging If not, notify law enforcement
- Label each bag with the following:
- Patient label (with date and time of collection)
 Hand written patient name, DOB, MRN
 Date of exam
 Contents of bag
 Jurisdiction

 Jurisdiction

- Case Number (if reported)
 Your name
- Seal the bag with evidence tape initials and date across the seal

Proper Labeling & Sealing of Clothing Bag Doi: 02.02/2016 MIN 133455789 R Paul 18-907554 7/20/16 1390 Undarwar rise small "Hance Trand-blue and white pakk det

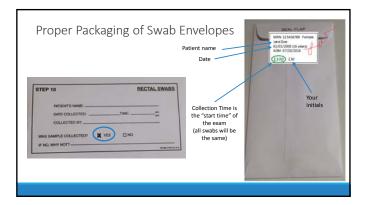
What's wrong with this?



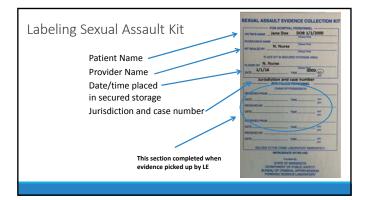
Packaging Evidence	

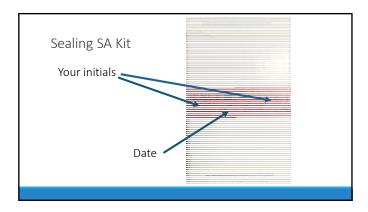
Packaging of Swab Envelopes

- Ensure all envelopes are labeled with the location of the swabs collected
- Some locations do not have pre-labeled envelopes in the kit
- DO NOT lick the seal on the envelope
- Seal the envelope with a patient label
 Ensure the date and time of collection is included
- Initial across the seal to ensure chain of custody
- On the front of the envelope, mark "Yes" under "Was Sample Collected?"
- Only include the envelopes/samples that you collected



Hospital: Collected by: Please return this form to the kit after the exam is completed.
STEP 1: General Information
Patient's Name:
Age:
Date of alleged assault:/ Time: AM/PM
Date of hospital exam: / / Time: AM/PM
Patient's description of assault: Often referred to as "Account of Incident





Storage & Chain of Custody

- Chain of Custody
 Evidence cannot be left unattended
- Chain of custody form needs to be completed for each case
 Documents hand-off between medical facility and law
 enforcement including date and time, and details of evidence
- SA Kit, Blood, and Urine Need to be RefrigeratedClothes do not need to be refrigerated



Storage/Refrigerator need to be locked with limited access

Evidence Information			
Patient Label	☐ Blood SANE Pr	in Date: , □ Urine, □ SA kit, □ Other: inted Name: pature:	(Fof lags are pa
Chain of Evidence	1000000		
Placed in looked area by:			
BCA Lab Specimens and Copy of Ho	spital Records	Clothing	
Released to:		Released to:	
Agency		Agency:	
Released by		Released by:	
Placed in locked refrigerator by:			
Temporary Disposition of Evidence			
Location			-
Released by: (print)		(signature)	
Released to: (print)		(signature)	
Location		Date	-
Released by: (print)		(signature)	
Released to: (print)		(signature)	
Location		Date	20
Released by: (print)		(signature)	
Released to: (print)		(signature)	

Evidence collection: Chain of Custody

- Evidence is placed in a locked refrigerator or given to Law Enforcement after exam
- Law Enforcement is responsible for picking up and storing evidence
- Jurisdictions will store evidence for varying
- Law Enforcement signs Sexual Assault kit before taking it
- Chain of custody form?



STI Prophylaxis, Emergency Contraception & HIV nPEP Best Practic Follow CD Guidelines • Discuss & provide coverage for • Genorrhea, Chlamytla, Trichomonas/Bacterial Vaginosis • Onl, Vaginal, or Feetal assault Also Consider • Tetanus, HPV, Hepatitis & (first dose) • Oral Emergency Contraception options - 0-120 hours • HIV nPEP - 0-72 hours post assault Discharge & Follow-Up • Overwhelming amounts of information to absorb at this point • Provide handouts for patient to take home and reference • Give names of advocacy centers, specialists, free clinics, support groups, etc. • Prevent any barriers to follow-up care • Provide cheat-sheets and detailed instructions for follow-up • Follow CDC guidelines and recommendations for follow-up and testing • Assist and collaborate with advocacy, social work, and ED if patient needs other services • Housing, transportation, mental health, etc.	
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